

Look for us at ALA Midwinter!

We want to show you some new features

Please drop by the NOTIS booths (#535, 536, and 634) in the exhibit area in the Hyatt Regency during the ALA (American Library Association) Midwinter conference January 6–9, 1990 in Chicago. As usual, we will have NOTIS representatives in the booth to answer your questions and demonstrate software features.

We'll also be able to show you prototypes of the new OPAC screens, online tables, and the report writer menu screens as well as MHLD records (MARC Format for Holdings and Locations).



All of us at NOTIS
Systems,
Inc. send
you our best
wishes for a
joyous
holiday
season and a
wonderful
new year.

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SATISFACTION SURVEY

Forty percent of our customers have already responded to our Customer Satisfaction Survey. We want to thank all who have responded. We will report on the survey results in next month's NOTISes.

Update tapes have been shipped

All NOTIS sites should have received a package by now of the Quality Records DataBase (QRDB) and the 4.6.1 updates to NOTIS LMS (Library Management System). The package contained 1 magnetic tape (IBM 3480 Cartridges available on request), a listing of the job used to create the tape and instructions and summary of what is on the tape. The software on the tape (source and load libraries) is only what is necessary to implement QRDB and correct minor deficiencies in the 4.6 distribution release. This is NOT a full release and does not replace the 4.6 release. These are updates to that release.

Includes new training and test database

An item not to be forgotten on this tape is the Quality Records DataBase. This selection of data and table entries will be of great benefit to everyone. It will provide a consistent set of data that will be universal to all sites, allowing the reproduction of different scenarios in different environments. It will provide a universal training file. It will also help us in reviewing situations that might arise in your usage of NOTIS. This commonality of data facilitates users in sharing knowledge and techniques for using the NOTIS software. This data will assist in site-testing of new releases of the software (as this is the data that we will test with). This database will be updated as we add new features to the LMS system. Suggestions for additional records and scenarios to the QRDB are welcome.



NOTISes (a) is published monthly by the NOTIS Systems, Inc., Documentation Services department. The purpose of NOTISes is to provide timely, helpful, and accurate information about NOTIS products and services to the NOTIS user community

SUBSCRIPTIONS: Subscriptions are available to NOTIS users at the rate of \$50 for one year by calling us at (708) 866-0150 or writing us at 1007 Church Street, 2nd Floor, Evanston, Illinois 60201-3622.

CONTRIBUTIONS: We welcome articles and suggestions from the user community. Please call for formatting suggestions before submitting items for publication.

SENIOR EDITOR ASSISTANT EDITORS... ...Laura Higgins, Gary Lee Phillips PRODUCTION/DESIGN.....Michael West

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708

New area code

NOTIS Systems, Inc. has a

No problem!

You can now use our new voice mall system to report a problem outside of office hours (before 8:30 am or after 5:00 pm CST). Simply call Customer Services at (708) 866-0160, A recorded message will prompt you to enter the extension for the person you are calling. Press 128 on a touch-tone phone's keypad to leave a detailed message for User Services or Technical Support staff.

UNDERSTANDING CIRCSPEAK: Creative use of the note field of the Patron Record

by Rolf Erickson Northwestern University Library

The note field of the patron record is used to record a variety of patron-specific information. The effective use of this field can greatly enhance its utility—and avoid certain types of problems.

For a long time we discussed the idea of leaving messages in the patron record, but we were faced with two dilemmas. First, the note field of the patron record is not very large. Second, that field flashes on the screen during a charge or renewal and is sometimes visible to patrons because our CRTs are tilted slightly toward the public side of the desk.

The staff have found it useful to let patrons see the holdings screens, the index screens, and the lists of books charged out to them. Moreover, if a patron has trouble identifying a book in LUIS, it is useful to go through the same steps as the patron in order to identify the problem. So, it was clear to us that we wanted to continue having the desk CRTs tilted so the patrons could view the screens.

At first we decided to use short neutral phrases which would not embarrass or anger a patron if they appeared on the screen during a charge or renewal. We ruled out use of such words as "believes," and "thinks," for example, but discovered that even a seemingly innocent note such as "lost ID 11/20/88" offended some who felt it was unnecessary to see it at each charge out as though the sins of the past could never be expunged.

It was when a patron at the desk politely asked us to remove a note in his patron record about his having lost an ID the previous year, that we decided we had to change our methods of recording the data we wanted to keep about patrons, their mail and, sometimes, their idiosyncracies.

Because we already knew that some patrons had several kinds of problems, and the note field could not accommodate more than two or three conventional notes even with the most drastic abbreviations, we came upon the idea of using standard codes for the notes and placing those codes on the bulletin board in the staff area away from curious patrons' eyes. In order for a code to be placed on the list, the entire department must agree on its use. No one is to place a note on the list without typing in his or her initials.

In order to make the notes appear more cryptic, we use the computer date rather than a more conventional form. For years we have used desk calendars which have the com-

new area code. Please update your records.

Problem after hours?

NU discovered that even a seemingly innocent note could offend someone...

By using notes in

the patron record

NU eliminated a

large amount of

file of returned

 $mail \dots$

paper notes and a

puter date, so it is readily available to us while remaining unfamiliar to most of our patrons. (The date July 31, for example, is the 212th day of the year.) We also decided that most notes wouldn't be valid for more than a year, thus eliminating the need to record that portion of the date. In addition the date never takes more than three characters while a conventional date at best requires seven or eight as in 7/31/89 or 11/2/89.

In the case of returned mail, one of our more frequent problems, we merely record the house number (as in 1116 for 1116 Davis Street) because the full address exists below in the patron record. Thus if mail is returned from my address of 1116 Davis Street, Evanston, IL 60201, a simple note of "mr1116/212sks" ("sks" stands for "Sharon K. Smith," our Fines Assistant), gives the attendant all the data he needs if the patron questions why he wasn't sent a library notice. We do need a longer note when we learn of an address change and thus will write a note such as "mr1116/212sks now at 2000 Sheridan, EV 270JPM."

Those most likely to need new codes approved are the desk staff, especially the Fines and Billing Assistant and the Library Privileges Assistant. By using notes in the patron record we eliminated a large file of returned notices, a file of waived fines, innumerable notes clipped to our calendars, and marginal notes in campus telephone directories.

While we staff members in the department feel free to remove notes which we ourselves have placed, we exercise the courtesy of referring suggestions for removing notes to the appropriate staff member. We are all at liberty to expunge old notes regarding returned mail.

I have written this article at the urging of Ben Schapiro of NOTIS, who felt we had stumbled on some creative uses of the note field in the patron record and thought other NOTIS users might be able to adapt our ideas for use at their own sites. In addition, he has told me that the new version of NOTIS has an even shorter note field in the patron record, so the use of such codes may be even more desirable in the future. Who knows, one day we all may be talking "circspeak."

[Ed. note: While the Patron Record notes field is shorter with the advent of the "bill and fine" functions, each bill and fine record can include extensive notes.]

Following are a few of the codes we use currently for notes.

"In order for a code to be placed on the list, the entire department must agree on its use."

LIBRARY CODES FOR NOTE FIELD MESSAGES

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Use cryptic approved initials
- 2. Use the computer date on calendar: e.g.: today's is 212(the 212th day of this year)

CURRENT NOTES	CODE
lost id	lid212/sks
blocked id	bid212/sks
no id for entrance	noid212/sks
expired id-no override	xid-no212/sks
reported returns forgiven	rrf212/sks
mail returned from 1116 Davis	mr1116-212/sks
recalled book	rcb/sks
fines/bills in circ fines/bills at main library fines/bills at music library fines/bills at sel fines/bills at ned library fines/bills at Garrett library	fbic-212 fbm1-212 fbmu1-212 fbse1-212 fbmed1-212 fbgets-212
question on commuter status re address	com?212/sks
commuter status verified	com!212/sks
verify current status	vcs212/sks
verify patron id#	vp#212/sks

NOTIS SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP MEETINGS

ALA MIDWINTER CONFERENCE • CHICAGO

NOTIS Special Interest Group Planning Meeting

FRIDAY, January 5th, 2:00-4:00PM

Documents Cataloging Interest Group

SATURDAY, January 6th, 8-10:00PM

RLG/NOTIS Interest Group SATURDAY, January 6th, 8-10:00PM

Authority Control Interest Group SUNDAY, January 7th, 8-10:00PM

LIB1 Interest Group SUNDAY, January 7th, 8-10:00PM

Serials Control Interest Group THESDAY January 9th 8:30-

TUESDAY, January 9th, 8:30-10:30AM

Training and Instruction InterestGroup

TUESDAY, January 9th,10:30AM-12:30PM

Circulation Interest Group

TUESDAY, January 9th, 2:00-4:00PM

Acquisitions Interest Group TUESDAY, January 9th, 2:00-4:00PM

Wait—don't call Diane!

If you are interested in the NOTIS training program ("Ongoing Training") designed by the University of Michigan—please forget what we told you about calling Diane Schwartz of Michigan's medical library. Last October we ran an item (NOTISes/47, page 16) describing Michigan's training program, and Diane has been inundated with phone calls requesting more information. She has sent materials describing the training program to LOEX (Eastern Michigan University's Library Orientation/Instruction Exchange). The information may be ordered from LOEX under the heading, "University of Michigan, MERLIN Ongoing Training."

For more information about the materials available through LOEX, see our July 1989 issue (NOTISes/43, page 12). ■

Course reserve proposal available for review

A draft proposal for enhancing the NOTIS Library Management System (LMS) course reserve module is now being circulated for review by the Course Reserve Subcommittee of the NOTIS Circulation Interest Group. It will be distributed automatically to those on the Subcommittee's mailing list; others interested may request a copy for review from the Subcommittee's chair:

Stephen Davis
Assistant Director for Library Systems
219M Butler University
Columbia University
New York, NY 10027

The proposal covers

- the general presenation of public-side reserves
- OPAC reserve index displays
- reserve processing and file maintenance considerations
- reserve loan periods
- date/time/due
- fine calculation
- blocks and holds

Pushing the limits on patron charges

Jim Hicks and Jerry Specht NOTIS Technical Support

As distributed, the NOTIS 'HAS' command lets you display up to 750 items charged to a single patron. Here's how to raise that limit—but is it really necessary?

Are your NOTIS users running into abend 660C when using the HAS command to display items charged to a patron? If so, the probable cause is that the maximum number of items charged to that patron (or psuedo-patron) has been exceeded. (TSG problem 2804 addresses this problem.)

How many items can you charge to a single patron without abending on the the HAS command? Under release 4.6, the limit is 750. By means of a few programming changes, you can raise this limit to an absolute maximum of 1720 (on 3380, 3370, or 9335 disks) or 950 (on 3350 disks).

But before you do, ask yourself whether it is really necessary to raise the limit. Creating larger buffers can waste virtual storage. It is true that there are typically a few pseudopatrons such as "Lost" or "Bindery" which can have tremendously large numbers of items charged to them. However, what we recommend rather than increasing buffer size is simply creating a second "Lost" or "Bindery" psuedo-patron and charging items to this second patron rather than the first.

If you do decide that increasing buffer size is the best way of accommodating more than 750 charged items per patron, follow the steps given below.

- 1. Delete and define the new Patron Charge Index. The RECORDSIZE (VSE) and the RECORDSIZE/LRECL (MVS) will be ([Number of items]x 19)+5. So, to increase from 750 to 900 items, the RECORDSIZE/LRECL would be (900 x19)+5=17105. The CISIZE needs to be bumped to the next higher 4K boundary—20480 in this case.
- 2. Increase the System Journal BUFSIZE to the next 4K boundary (less 8 bytes for overhead on the FBA device). In this case BUFSIZE would be 20472.
- 3. In LC660DSC change CIMAXSEG=new limit (900)
- 4. In LC665BAL GET MAIN to same value as the LRECL (17105)
- 5. Reassemble LC660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665 BALs
- 6. In LD006 change MAXSEG = new limit (900)
 OUTREC = new LRECL(17105)
 At RPL outputAREALEN = new LRECL(17105)
 RECLEN = new LRECL (17105)
 Reassemble

- 7. (VSE only) Take the length of LD006 phase and change the sort step of LD005JO2. (LD006, L= newlength, E35).
- 8. Run LD005J02 to rebuild the index.

 NOTES:There is a VSAM imposed limit of 32K on any record. This makes for a maximum limit of about 1720 records which the Patron Charge Index can handle.

 This limit could be even smaller. A CKD device, a 3350 disk, for example, has a track size of approximately 18,000 bytes. Therefore, the limit on this file would be around 950 items. ■

Corrections and additions to the 4.6 Installation Instructions

Here are some important changes and additions to the instructions distributed with NOTIS Release 4.6

The following notes pertain to the document entitled *NOTIS* 4.6 INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

- page B6: It should be noted that the V230 change to LD304BAL which was supposed to be in 4.6 isn't. It is a part of 4.6.1.
- page G1: Under PCT: with 4.6, DTB=YES is required for all NOTIS transactions (except LUzz and L#zz). This can be done for all transactions by specifying it in the TYPE=INI-TIAL.
- page I1: Under LC101TB1: In 4.6 the FIND A=, FIND T=, FIND S= and FIND NA= do not check for BIBINX. They continue to use ATNINX, ATNINX, SB1INX, and AUTINX, respectively. FIND BT =,FIND JS =, etc., use BIBINX.
- page J1: BRSFILES—Use your BRSFILES phase/load module instead of the one on the 4.6 tape.
 BRSTAG—We added the 654 and 256 tags to BRSTAG,
 \$DIRLUIN, and LUINTAB. If you have added tags to BRSTAG, you will need to either reconcile our version with yours or, if you aren't interested in the 654 and 256 fields, simply use your version of BRSTAG. (Note: BRSTAG is a macro used by LUzzTAB. LUzzTAB is copied into JCLASMR which creates the READLUzz and PARALUzz phases/load modules.)
- page Nx: Other modules which have changed with 4.6: LB660BAL, LC405MSG, LC405TXE, LC632BAL, LC900TWA.
- page P4: After DC A(BRSH1G) (line 214) there should be a note indicating that 4 lines have been deleted.

Thanks to Bob Salamone at Iona College for bringing B6, J1, Nx, and P4 to our attention. ■

Who to call at NOTIS Systems

by Maribeth Ward Vice President, Customer Services

Here's who to call for info on . . .

•NOTIS product features and functions

ullet undocumented applications

• processing problems

 $ullet documentation \\ problems$

Thank you for your patience with the realignment of account responsibilities. In the long run, having specialists in User Services will help us support you better, but we know that change can be confusing. Although articles have been published in *NOTISes* regarding who to call for what, we feel that this message bears repeating in order to eliminate any remaining confusion. Please refer to the following guidelines:

Account Manager/Product Specialist. Call your Account Manager if you have product questions (i.e., what are the benefits of GTO?) or issues that are not application specific, but account specific. Your Account Manager/Product Specialist can answer questions on generic product features and functions. If it is an issue that is relevant to your account only, then you should call your Account Manager/Product Specialist first.

User Services. Call User Services when you have a question/problem with any NOTIS application that is not addressed in the documentation, such as:

- What are the specifications for printing information in particular places on vouchers, claims and purchase orders?
- How are check digits determined for patron IDs?
- Items charged to lost are not creating a bill and fine record.
- Is it possible to establish funds for separate libraries when there is only one processing unit?

Also call User Services if you want to schedule a training visit.

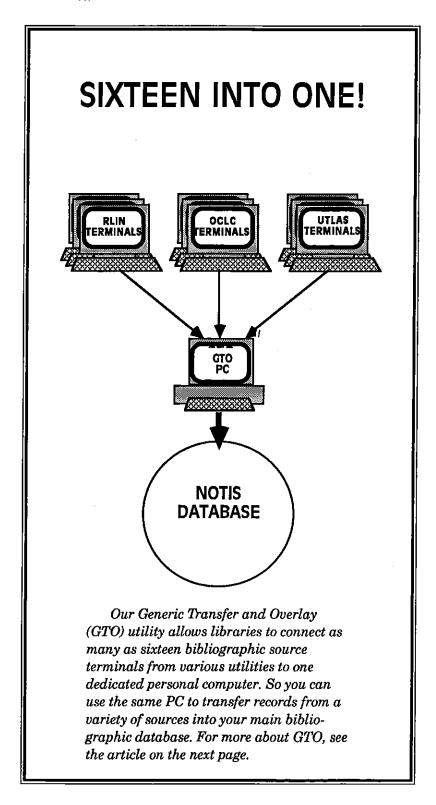
Technical Support. Call Technical Support when you have a data processing question/problem which is not addressed in the documentation, or if you want to schedule a training visit. If you have operational issues related to your loader, call Technical Support.

Documentation Services. If you have a problem with mailing addresses for *NOTISes* or Documentation Updates, call Documentation Services. If you find errors in the documentation, please fill out the form at the back of the manual and send it to Documentation Services.

Conversion Services. If your loader is currently in the workletter or programming queue and you have questions, call Conversion Services directly with your questions. If you have problems/questions related to the functionality of any loader, it is also best to call Conversion Services directly (for

•conversion loader functionality

operational questions call Technical Support). Similarly, if you want general information on features and functions of loader and overlay programs, or want to schedule a Conversion Training Visit, it is most efficient to call Conversion Services first. ■



A look at the next release of GTO

We heard you!

Improvements in handling of authority records, holdings data, and dynamic indexing are coming...

Release 2.2 of Generic Transfer and Overlay (GTO) contains a variety of enhancements to make the online record transfer an even more attractive option for NOTIS users. As with all NOTIS software, the content of this next release was based on user comments and requests. We anticipate that Release 2.2 will be ready for distribution in summer, 1990. A more precise date will be announced at a later time.

The following features will be included:

- correct positioning of the | w subfield in authority records for GTO-OCLC transfers
- assignment of processing unit to authority records
- no overlay of authority records
- no transfer of blank call number fields from utility records
- options to turn off overlay for either bibliographic records or holdings records or both
- retention of existing data in holdings record when overlay occurs
- dynamic updating of the Standard Number Index
- existing batch reports converted to online and printed out on a CICS-connected printer during the GTO session

Some users have proposed other changes as well, including further refinement of the overlay logic and creating a merge feature for overlay and a review file for duplicates. We will continue to consider these requests and develop future releases based on what we hope is your continuing input.

Full support of the OCLC New System's record export facility will also be provided to GTO-OCLC users when the New System becomes available.

You may still take advantage of 1989 prices if we have your purchase order in hand before December 31, 1989. Also, remember that you may now use any model PS/2 as your GTO microcomputer.

See November *NOTISes* for a list of common questions and answers about GTO.

NOTIS GENERIC TRANSFER & OVERLAY O R D E R F O R M

INSTITUTION: CONTACT PERSON: TELEPHONE # AREA CODE	C ()	DATE:	
SHIP TO:	(We cannot ship to a P.O. B	ox)	
NAME INSTITUTION ADDRESS			
CITY, STATE, ZIP			
PLEASE INDICATE CICS release: Operating system: Mainframe connection: Number of bibliographic termine Number of GTO microcomputer Microcomputer type:		1.7 VSE 7171	50 & up (MCA)
SOFTWARE OPTIONS Please indicate which on-line loader(s	<u>.</u> :		-
BASIC (\$10,000 for first utility, subsequent utilities \$5,000 each)	RLIN		TLAS
CONSOLIDATED (\$10,000 for first subsequent utilities \$5,000 each plus \$3 source for consolidating and testing between the consolidations are consolidations are consolidations.	3,000 per		¬
ENHANCED* (\$10,000 for first util: plus Conversion costs, subsequent ut \$5,000 each plus Conversion costs)	=		
* A Customized Work Letter will be what changes are needed, and on	produced after both parties a the associated cost for the cus	igree in detail on stomized Loader.	
Note: GTO softwar	re prices are effective th	rough December 3	1, 1989.
HARDWARE OPTIONS		Select as many a	s you need of each.
HOSTESS Multi-port adapter board :			:
4 port multi-user board - 25 pin (\$3: 8 port multi-user board - 25 pin (\$6 4 port MCA - 25 pin for Micro Char	12 plus shipping and handlin mel (\$656 plus shipping and	g) # of b handling) # of b	oards oards
8 port MCA - 25 pin for Micro Char 3278 Emulation board (\$716 plus shipping and handling in		handling) # of b	oards
Note: Prices of b	oards are subject to cha	nge without notice	
		,	/
CUSTOMER AUTHORIZATION		DATE	
Purchase order must accompany this or	rder form.		(11/1/89)

Streamlining the book approval process

Wayne State simplified approvals and acquisitions by finding a way to move bibliographic records directly from vendor tapes to their NOTIS production file.

by Barbara Heath Head of Acquisitions, Wayne State University Libraries

At Wayne State University (WSU) we have a very large book approval plan with Blackwell North America, a plan which also includes British imprints from B.H. Blackwell. We receive from 200 to 400 titles per week on this combined plan, not including titles for which we receive forms. Our return rate is low, between five and ten percent, so that means we are adding between 180 and 380 approval titles per week to our collections.

We found the recordkeeping procedures for approval books—searching OCLC, transferring records into NOTIS, editing the record, creating a copy holdings record and an order pay receipt record—to be time-consuming and cumbersome. We began to explore ways in which we could streamline the approval process.

MARC records on tape

When we became aware that Blackwell produced MARC records on tape for approval books, naturally we were interested. The Blackwell plan sounded attractive: tape-loaded records for American imprints run from 79% to 85% of all titles in a shipment. Tape-loaded records for British imprints represent between 20%-25% of the total. In addition, Blackwell offers a number of options regarding the contents of the tapes and their delivery schedule to suit the needs of an individual library. After many discussions with Blackwell, we decided to try their tape service.

WSU library staff elected to receive full MARC and CIP records with LC, NAL, NLM and CoMARC cataloging for American imprints. We decided on the full MARC record because this is the record we use for cataloging. It didn't make sense to load a brief record only to have to go to OCLC anyway to overlay the full record. For British imprints, we receive MARC records for LC-cataloged books. For the British imprints, we receive only matching LC MARC records because the BNB MARC records were so different from LC MARC that they required overlays from OCLC before they could be used for receiving or cataloging.

Loading the tapes

We put up and take down approval books once a week. The

No editing required . .

"Staff time once

other tasks . . . "

allocated for approvals

has been diverted to

tapes arrive weekly from Blackwell with printed copies of the invoices that match the records being loaded. We check the Acquisitions Department's invoice copies to make sure that the records being loaded match the books. If they match, our programmers go ahead and load the tapes directly into our production file. The bibliographic record, as loaded, does not need editing. A copy holdings record is automatically created for each bibliographic record with "BNA" appearing in the titlelevel NOTE field so that we can identify them as tape-loaded records. Catalog status is "a" (in-process) and copy status and classification type are set at OA. The call number appears in subfield b but does not display in the online public catalog (OPAC) until the book is officially received. The message in the OPAC at this point is, "In the Pre-Order Process." The copy holdings coding is added by our local loader program; it is not in the records received from Blackwell.

Processing by Acquisitions and Cataloging

After the books are accepted by a book selector, the receiving staff in the Acquisitions Department finds the BNA records. The order/pay/receipt records are created and the receipt information is keyed in. The copy holdings codes are changed so that the OPAC displays the usual in-process message, "In Process. To have cataloged for your use, ask at circulation desk." Staff deletes records for books that are being returned, a process that takes less than a minute per record. Because not all titles are available on tape, we still have to search for some approval books on OCLC and manually transfer the records.

When an approval book reaches the Cataloging Department, the staff uses the same NOTIS record that the Acquisitions Department used, either the tape-loaded record or the one transferred in from OCLC. In cases where the staff feels the cataloging is definitely wrong, they may go back to OCLC, find a better record, and overlay it onto the existing record. However, this doesn't happen very often. As the last step, catalogers go to OCLC and add the WSU holder code to the record on the OCLC database.

Savings in staff time

Because of this new procedure, we have been up-to-date on all monographic receipts for a number of months. Staff time once allocated for approvals has been diverted to other tasks, including gift processing and firm order receiving. We are pleased with Blackwell's tape service and would recommend it to any library whose approval procedures can accommodate it.

If you have any questions regarding WSU's procedures for its book approval program, contact Barbara at (313) 577-3983. ■

Troubleshooting

by Jerry Specht, Chief Systems Engineer

This column is a regular feature of NOTISes. As we encounter problems which we plan to include in the "Troubleshooting Guide" (Appendix E to the Installation & Operations Manual) we list them here in NOTISes so you won't have to wait for a new release in order to be aware of them. If you have suggestions, send them to Jerry Specht.

We recommend that you take these troubleshooting pages and append them to the February 1989 "Troubleshooting Guide." The problems have been, and will continue to be, assigned temporary numbers beginning with V200, so that they will be in sequence. In February, June, and October, we will issue an updated index which will include both these problems and the ones already in the guide. In February we will send you an entirely new guide in which all of the problems that have appeared in NOTISes since the last publication of the guide will be integrated and assigned permanent numbers.

Note on Problem V377

(November NOTISes)

The 4.6.1 version of LC660BAL corrects this problem.

Problem V378

(VSE 4.6 only)

In running LB391* (to report new/dropped headings) you get an OPERATION EXCEPTION in the first step.

Causes/Solution: This problem is corrected by changes in the 4.6.1 versions of LB395BAL and LB391JCL.

Problem V379

(MVS 4.6 only)

In running **LB391** (to report new/dropped headings) you find that the LB392 load module is missing. When you assemble/link you get an abend 0C4.

Causes/Solution: These problems are corrected by the 4.6.1 versions of LB392BAL/LB392 load module.

Problem V380

(4.6 only)

When you press ENTER after deriving a provisional record you get ERROR IN BRIGHT FIELDS for the 035 field that was inserted into the derived record.

Causes/Solution: The 4.6.1 version of LC816BAL corrects this problem.

*Boldface type in the problem description indicates index terms and/or main topics.

thority index.)

Regenerating the index will temporarily solve the problem. If, however, you plan to continue creating records at the same rate that caused this original 390c, you need to implement a longer-term solution.

1) Regenerate the index more frequently—in the case of the item index, perhaps even nightly. This is the best solution when addition of new records is sporadic.

We distribute a job (LB305) which lists the NOTIS internal split count statistics for the item index and the other indexes. When the count nears the maximum of eight, you need to regenerate the index. The program executed is LB305PLI. This is described in PRM, Volume I.

- 2) If it's the item index, space the barcodes out. Rather than going through the stack sequentially, have the library staff use batches from throughout the stack.
- 3) Increase the NOTIS internal index block freespace specification. This may be done by increasing the DCL for "PARM3" in LB695PLI (for item) or LB595PLI (for patron). As distributed, it is 160 bytes("INIT(160)"). NOTIS item and patron index records, as distributed, are 2040 bytes. Thus, 160 gives you 8% freespace; 510 would give you 25%; and 1020 would give you 50%.

For the merged headings index, the freespace is specified on the parm card in the final step of the LB300 job ("C26,D190,F1000"). The "F1000" is 1,000 bytes. If the recordsize is 8184, then this gives you 12% freespace. Increasing it to F2000, would give you 24% freespace. (This sort of value is normally only appropriate in a situation where the bibliographic or authority file is relatively small.)

Note: The installation option &NTSIID which could theoretically be used to "scramble" the item index, does not currently (4.5, 4.6) work. Since customers have found the above solutions satisfactory, there is no plan to reinstate this option.

The original entry for this problem suggested that increasing the VSAM freespace for the index could help. This is not the case. A need to increase VSAM freespace (or to do more frequent regenerations/reorganizations) is indicated by the CI and CA split statistics in the LISTCAT entry for the file.

NOTISes wins award

NOTISes won the top award in this year's 17th Annual Technical Publications/Art Competition sponsored by the Chicago Chapter of the Society for Technical Communication (STC). STC is a professional organization devoted to the advancement of the theory and practice of technical communication. The group has over 10,000 members worldwide.

This is the first year that NOTISes has entered the competition. In the "Whole Periodicals" category, NOTISes won the highest of four possible awards, that for "Distinguished Technical Communication."

The award was made by a panel of judges who evaluated publications on four factors—writing, editing, graphics, and integration—all judged in the context of the purpose, content, and organization of the document.

NOTISes is edited, designed, and produced entirely inhouse by NOTIS Systems' Documentation Services department. Articles are written by NOTIS staff and by members of the NOTIS user community.

We put a lot of work into this publication, and we do it because we think it is what you—the users of our software products—want, need, and deserve.



Vænundantur in ædibus Alcentianis.